A ROUSING DINNER TO AN IRISH PATRIOT. RIS SCATHING REMARKS ON MR. GOSCHEN-MR. DEPEW'S WITTY SPEECH.

The dinner which was given to Michael Davitt last evening in the Metropolitan Hotel was a successful ending of his prolonged four in the United States which begun with the Chicago Convention in August, and concluded when Mr. Davitt left the hotel a little after midnight and, and in company with Patrek Ford and a few other friends drove over to the Guion steamer Alaska where his wife had previously gone. The dinner was given by the Municipal Council of the Iriah National League and, John J. Delany the president of that body presided. Covers were laid for 250 guests and when all were seated it was found that there were only a few empty places. The vigorous defence of Father MeGlyun by Mr. Davitt on Sunday evening doubtless kept away some, and attracted others. Bryan G. McSwyny, who received a letter from Father Larkin the pastor of the Church of the Holy Innocenta last Friday, asking to have two tickets forwarded to him was surprised to receive a letter from that elergyman yesterday returning the tickets as he was prevented attending by "circumstances over which he had no control." Between the two letters the Madison Square Garden meeting intervened when Fathor Larkin was on the platform listening to Davitt's flerce arraignment of the "Italian Cardinal" Simeoni. Mr. McSwyny charitably said that Father Larkin was "probably sick." Close to the guests' table was an orchestra which played "Hail to the Chief?" as Davitt entered the hall accompanied by Chairman Delany. J. P. Farrell, president of the Home Rule Club, drew the chairman's attention to the fact that there were thirteen persons seated at the guests' table, and laughingly suggested that some one should leave the table, but every man of the chirteen manfully defied the supersition and held his place. Letters of sympathy were read from Levi P. Morton, Senator Evarts, Governor Hill and Eugene Kelly. James O'Gorman was chairman of the committee having charge of the arrangements and among the other Irish Americans and sympathizers with Home Rule present were: Chauncey M. Depew, Patrick Ford, Bryan G. McSwyny, J. evening in the Metropolitan Hotel was a successful ending of his prolonged four in the United States Malone, Austin E. Ford, Robert E. Ford, Edward L. Carey, Denis A. Spellissy, Professor R. T. Greener, William Hepburn, Roderiek J. Kennedy, Dr. Philip E. Donlin, Dr. D. D. Toal, Hugh King, Joseph P. Ryan, L. F. Fullam, James Cox, Patrick Gleason, Francis Crawley, Ferrel O'Dowd, ex-Vudge Dennis Quinn, Henry A. Brann, Justice McCarthy, Peter O'Toole, Assistant District-Attorney Fitzgerald, Commissioner James S. Coleman, Dr. C. M'Maguire, James J. Buckley, Eduund J. Currie, J. H. Spelman, L. B. Hartford, ex-Chief Justice Daly, Judge Gedney, ex-Alderman William P. Mohey, Dr. James E. Kelly, Professor J. P. Brophy, A. G. Keneally and James Rogers. ogers.
It was a quarter after ten when smid the fumes of

It was a quarter after ten when amid the fumes of fragrant eigars and the clinking of glasses President Delany made a brief introductory address preparatory to introducing Mr. Davitt. "We meet as brothers," he said, "desirous for the elevation not alone of the Irish race but of the human race, [Applause,] While honoring Davitt we still more highly honor the principle he has enunciated." [Applause,] Then Michael Davitt rose and before he could speak, he received one of those greetings to which he is by this time fairly well accustomed in America. He was somewhat hoarse and it was with difficulty that he made himself heard, explaining the defect by the fact that his oratorical effort the previous evening at the mass meeting in the Madison Square Garden had strained his voice. He said, in substance:

strained his voice. He said, in substance:
There is here a representative body of men. There is here
the prince of post-prantal orators, my friend, Mr. Depew
Icheers for Mr. Depew, emment judges, brilliant journalists,
able executive State officers and successful ousness men; and
I know by the state of my own mind that the officers of the
Municipal Council of the Irish National League of New-York
are more anxious to hear from these eloquent gentlemen an
expression of sympathy for the cause of Ireland than to listen
to my reiteration. I am gliad we have these distinguished
Americans with us.

Anterpart content of the Frank Associated and the property of the North to put the south of the North to put and the North to have known as The Times knows right was a dishonest comparison. Applaanse in that desperate struggle with the South to hut an end to human slavery. [Renewed applatuse] and he ought to have known as The Times knows right well, that we in Ireland are engaged in a struggle to put an end to social slavery continued applatuse in out of the United States of the North put and to human slavery. Renewed applatuse in the word applatuse in the number of the United States of the North put and the human slavery. The North engaged in the North put an end to social slavery continued applatuse in a struggle to put an end to social slavery continued applatuse in a north to put an end to an intansous land system, which is not only a grant of the United States of their switch have occurred in Ire hand displaced in the North put to a spate

"He is true to God who's true to man, Wherever wrong is done To the humblest or the weakest,

'Neath the all-behelding sun,
That wrong is also done to us;
And they are alarys most base
Whose love of right is for themselves
And not for all the race." [Prolonged applause.]
The next toast was "Columbia the Home of the Free."
"Our hearts, our hopes, our prayers, our tears—
Our faith triumphant o'er our fears—
Are all with thee—are all with thee!"

Chauncey M. Depew, on rising to respond, was received with a storm of cheers. This is some of what he said:

Notwithstanding Mr. Davitt's statement I do not rise here to-might to speak on the hustings of Liverpool (laughter), but to voice what the American people feel on this question. Here is my risend, Judge Van Haesen, of pure German descent: my friend Governor Dersheimer, of pure German descent in griend Governor Dersheimer, of pure German descent in griend Governor Dersheimer, of pure German descent in the property of the descent in the state of pure New Jersey descent (continued laughter); and all the other nationalities I represent invested. Immense hughter, I am, therefore, speaking on this occasion for the whole civilized world. [Renewed laughter], In that capacity I express the great pleasure I feel as an American on his wife's side. [Laughter again and again renewed, The complaint we have always had against the firsh in this country was that they were too exclusive. As our tashionable people say, "they dish't like to go outside of their own set." [Laughter.] As Dundreary said, "they kind of flocked degether." (Continued laughter.]

I feel certain if all the bucks and lassies from Ireland had married Vankee women and men Ireland would have been tree lifty years ago. (Protongod applause, I feel you that that graft makes a great start; I have got a little of they look. Davit to might, show that he drags, a length to M. Davit to might show the chain is firmly anchored upon the soil of this Republic. (Renewed applause, I let you that the soil of this Republic. (Renewed applause, I it was the custom of nationalities in the old country, derived from laws and systems of the fendal practices of the Middle Ages, to look upon political crimes as they would look upon crimes against society and against property and against life until but a hittle more than a hundred years ago three millions of political crimes which is acainst tyvanny in doverned and for the elevation of humanity. We welcomed Kosanti because he w Chauncey M. Depew, on rising to respond, was received with a storm of cheers. This is some of what he said:

fell, who said:

Not that we love America iess, but that we love Ireland
more, and if we love Ireland more it is because men of every
race have always holds first place in their hearts for those
who struggle in the face of danger and disaster, and defeated
again and again sustained and yet came up smiling to the
Tay as the Irish have done. (Applause.)

GOOD WISHES FROM MR. BLAINE, The following letter was received from Mr. Blaine for

the Davitt demonstration on Sunday evening :

the Davitt demonstration on Sunday evening:

Dear Sir: I thank you and your committee for inviting me to be present at the meeting in New-York called to do honor to Mr. Davitt on the eve of his return to his bailve land—to whose welfare he has devoted himself with heroic unselfishness. It is not in my power to leave home at this time, but I can not refrain from congratulating Mr. Davitt upon the cordinity with which he has been everywhere received as he has traversed our country from ocean to ocean.

He can carry with him the assurance and the evidence that the great mass of American citizens, without regard to political or religious differences, sympathize with Irishment in their struggle to be trelleved from the poverty which oppresses them, and in their efforts to secure the protection and advantage of local self-government.

With strict observance of every international obligation, the American friends of Ireland speak only for the sacred rights of justice and of humanity. We desire Mr. Davitt to interpret this sentiment to his suffering countrymen, and to bear to the most fliustrous statesman of kingland our greeting and our blessing, we turny too date of that Mr. Gladstone's life may be spared until his career thall have been crowned with the noblest achievement of British statesmanship. Very sincerely yours.

James G. Blaine.

PATRICK FORD, esq.

WORKMEN ON HALF TIME AT THE NAVY YARD. "All hands will be discharged to night," was the notice post of in the construction shops at the Brooklyn Navy Yard yes Af in the construction shops at the Brooklyn Navy Yard yes-larday. The order did not come unexpectedly. A week ago Kavai Constructor Pooke, in charge of the detartment, in-formed his foremen that only hair force could be employed for some time, and that the rest would have to stop why, as there yas not money enough left to keep all hands employed. The cosme agreed to let the men take week and week about. Last donday 300 nen were paid off. This morning the first discharged are well return to work, Great sudignation is felt among the classes and carpenters on account of the order for their dis-large, and many of the mechanics have decided never to re-turn to the Navy Yard.

Good canonin around election time," said one of the dis-larged men to a Taisety's reporter, less night. "Work is

atonly enough then, but as soon as that is gone work begins to slacken and some of us must be discharged. It is not so very easy to get a job outside now, but then we will have to fight it through somehow or other."

There is a great deal of unfinished work on hand in the de-partment.

DEMOCRATS AGAINST ABBETT.

STOLEN SEATS OF LITTLE USE TO HIM-THE NEW-JERSEY SENATE WAITING ON THE HOUSE. TRENTON, Jan. 24 (Special).—The Senate met this even ing and at once adjourned without organizing or swearing in the new members. It has made public no reason for its course, but it is understood that it is waiting for the action of the House on the Camdon election case which the Demo-eratic Assembly are pretending to investigate, Mr. Abbett and his friends are disturbed by the number of Demo-crats who declare they will not support him. He seems no nearer an election than he was before the two seats were stolen by his friends. It is believed that an effort will be made to unseat three or four more Republican Assemblymen on ex-parte charges and the Senators are considering how such action should be met. There seems to be no doubt that the Senate can postpone the election indefinitely if it chooses, but there is no disposition to be obstructive unless justifying reasons for such a course can be given frankly to the people.

The Assembly was in session only fifteen minutes, and did only routine business. Several bills were introduced to prohibit or restrict the employment of nonresident special officers, deputies, etc., after the Pinkerton style. Immediately after adjournment the Democratic members went into cancus.

The Democratic cancus appointed a committee to wait on Speaker Baird and try to get him back to the party. The committee got no satisfaction from the Speaker. Another committee was sent out to get the Democratic Senators to join in holding a joint meeting to-morrow in spite of the Republicans. The committee is still at work. The Republican Senators and party leaders were still in cancus at a late hour to-night, and will probably settle the question of organization before they break up. are considering how such action should be met

A DEMOCRATIC FORGERY IN INDIANA. Indianapolis, Jan. 24 (Special). - Although no change in the vote for Senator to-day was anticipated, the anxiety of the politicians was aroused by intimations that Allen, the Independent, would re-

anxiety of the politicians was aroused by intimations that Allen, the Independent, would receive unexpected accessions of strength. The roll call, however, brought no change. Congressman Bynum in a dispatch received here to-night, declares that a message, purporting to be signed by him and other Indiana Congressmen begging Robinson to vote for Turple, is a forgery. "Besides," Mr. Bynum adds. "I do not indorse what it says. I could not and would not advise Mr. Robinson to vote for Turple."

In the Senate this morning a spirited discussion was excited by a vigorous protest from citizens of Seymour against the unseating of Senator MeDonald (Rep.). It set forth that McDonald had been elected to the Senate by a majority of 610, that a despotic majority in the Senate had upon a malicious unsupported charge removed him without a hearing, and had seated Brannaman, his opponent, a man shown upon unimpeachable testimenty to be guilty of corrupting voters; that the citizens deem McDonald still their Senator and denounce the action of the Senate as revolutionary and shameful. Smith, the presiding officer, upon perceiving the mature of the document, interrupted the reading and ordered that it should be referred to the committee on elections, remarking that it "was in disrespectful terms." Although the Republicans insisted that the people had a right to address the Legislature on matters concerning them and that no petition could be rejected on an objection to the propriety of the language, Smith refused to permit any hearing of the matter.

EX-GOVERNOR BATE FOR SENATOR.

EX-GOVERNOR BATE FOR SENATOR. NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 24 (Special).—Ex-Governor William B. Bate was to-night nominated for United States Senator by the Democratic caucus

CAUGHT IN THE CURRENTS OF CITY LIFE. J. C. Clarke, president of the Illinois Central Raitroad, is a six-footer. He has the angularity of a New-Englander, shoulders sufficiently broad for Hercu-Englander, shoulders sufficiently broad for Herculean tasks, a full tace without a heard, and dresses like a Western miller in gray clothes and slouch hat. He holds to the old Calhoun doctrine of State rights with a tenucity that half a century of Northern like has not driven out of his Southern blood. He argues his side of that question with queer illustrations and quaint questionings. It is said that when in Washington he engages in controversy over this question with such men as Evarts, Hoar and Sherman, who "take and give" with him with great zest.

Ex-Governor J. C. Brown, of Tennessee, receiver of the Texas Pacific Railroad, who is at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, throws up his hands and appeals for mercy whenever he is asked about politics. This is especially the case when he is asked about the Tennessee Sena-torship, in connection with which his name is men-tioned. He said yesterday that he had not known of any recent instances where Senatorships went to men who were not seeking them. Governor Brown is a large-framed and portly man of fine presence, with the deep brown complexion of the South and a full bearded face.

Ex-Speaker George Z. Erwin was in the city on Saturday. He is the head of the Ways and Means Committee and is studying closely the question of taxation with a view of meeting the demands of the people of the State for a more equal distribution of taxes. Talking about the recent contest at Albany over the Senatorship he spoke of Mr. Morton's action as that of a loyal, whole-hearted and whole-souled Republican, who had the interests of the party at heart. About the concluding ballot be said: "Some of our people wanted to adjourn, but I knew that if we adjourned that was the end of us. There were three of Miller's friends who had promised to go to Hiscock and thus begin the break, but they could not get up the courage to start the movement. When we tound how taint-hearted they were, I decided that we would have to do it ourselves, and we made the jump. I told our people that it was now or never, and it proved now." Saturday. He is the head of the Ways and Means

William S. Haynes is one of the jolly members of the Produce Exchange who believe in putting into practice the maxim " Laugh and grow fat." He is a member of the Old Guard and as chairman of the Badge Committee for several years has ade a unique collection of badge which money cannot buy. He is as fastidious in dress at business as he would be at the theatre and is more graceful on the dancing-floor than many men of his 250 ful on the dancing-floor than many men of his 250 pounds weight. "The Old Guard reception on the 27th," he says, "will be the biggest social affair that ever occurred in the Metropolitan Opera House. Nearly all the boxes have been soid and few of the single seals remain to be soid. If all come who say they will there will be military and naval men from all over the country in the grand march, and there will hardly be room enough for them to go through the evolutions."

THE BALTIMORE CHARITY BALL,

THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. CLEVELAND PRESENT-A BRILLIANT SOCIAL OCCASION. BALTIMORE, Jan. 24.—The great Charity Ball at th

Academy of Music this evening was a grand success. The thief society people of this city, as well as delegations from New-York, Philadelphia and Washington, particl pating in the pleasure it afforded.

pating in the pleasure it allorded.

Tables with showy cloths were arranged around the room, but the stage was set apart for President Cleveland and his suite as a banqueting apartment.

The private car of President Robert Garrett left here for Washington at 4 o'clock this afternoon with a committee to escort President Cleveland and the Presidential party to Baltimore.

for Washington at 4 o'clock this afternoon with a committee to escort Fresident Cleveland and the Presidential party to Baitmore.

At 10 o'clock the Academy contained the largest gathering ever seen at a society ball in this city. Every seat was occupied and every inch of standing room was in use. The Presidential party arrived shortly after 10, and fifteen minutes later the opening promenade was formed in the north cafe. President Clevelanded with Mrs. John A. Hambleton and was followed by Robert Garrett and Mrs. Cleveland. Colonel Latrobe and Mrs. Lamont. Mr. Sleard and Mrs. Reed, Mr. Goodyear and Mrs. Leard, Colonel Wilson and Mrs. Horwitz, Dr. George Reuling and Mrs. Colonel Wilson, Mr. Reed and Mrs. Goodyear, Mr. Spencer and Miss Lamont, Mr. Spencer and Miss Lamar, J. H. Ferguson and Miss Vilas, George May and Miss Endleott, Mr. Burkhead and Miss Manning and hundreds of other guests until the spacious dancing floor was crowded. Mrs. Cleveland wore a white sleeveless costume, cut low back and front, the same in which she was married, and the ladies of the Washington contingent were all claborately dressed. The Presidential party took supper in the concert hall shortly after mistaight and returned to Washington about 1:30 o'clock. The ball was a brilliant success in every way and a handsome sum was realized.

RECEPTION BY THE JAPANESE LEGATION. WASHINGTON, Jan. 24 (Special). - The reception given at the Japanese Legation this morning included a large and brilliant company. About 400 invitations were issued by the Minister and Madame Kuki, and but few remained away, as the crowded drawing rooms proved. The rooms were beautiful with palms and camella trees, grouped in the corners. On the walls were Japanese works of art, and over the middle drawing room door were the Japan-ese colors, red and white, The Minister and Madame Kuki received their guests at the first drawing room door, and with them was their pretty young niece a school girl of fifteen, Yoshi Kuki. The hostess wore a dress of diac faille, embroidered with valenciennes lace and a side panel of Japanese crepe embroidered in colors she wore diamend ornaments. Her hair was worn high and arranged with like ostrich feathers, completing a toilet beautiful and becoming. Miss Yoshi Kuki wore white crepe and pale pink ribbons. The wife of the Hawaiian Minister assisted in receiving the guests. Mrs. Carter's dress was pale yellow satin and watered silk. Other assistants were Mrs. S. M. Bryan, who wore white satin and duchesse lace, and the Misses Van Wyck, of New York, in white and pink dresses.

The Diplomatic Corps was fully represented, the British Minister having two daughters with him. Miss West wearing pink satin and taile and Miss Flora West in white satin and tulle. There were many Senators and Representatives and Army officers accompanied by the ladies of their ramiles. General Sherialan came in late from a dinner, as did several other guests. Senator Hawley, of Hartford. The supper room was opened at 10 leay, of Hartford. The supper room was opened at 10 dress of illac faille, embroidered with valenciennes lace

SELLING DR. TALMAGES PEWS. The annual sale at auction of the pows in the Brooklyn Tabernacio drew a large gathering to the church last evening. The sale was conducted by Auctioneer E. E. Ford. Dr. Talmage made a brief speech, referring to the great harvest of 342 new familiers gathered in on Sunday and the prosperity attending the church, which is getting too large for the edinice. The bidding then began and Dr. Tucker, John Wood and S. H. Everett ran the first choice up \$975, at which D. Tucker took his old pew, for which he paid \$760 as year. The first ten fews sold for premiums .b. \$100. The bidding then fell off until by degrees a went down to \$1 and some pews were taken at the fixed reutals. The total

of premiums was about \$5,000, which added to the fixed rentals makes a total of \$24,011. The collections are es-timated to aggregate \$8,000 more. The premiums last year were \$5,300 and the total receipts \$31,010.

A CLEVER LETTER THIEF CAUGHT.

BELIEVED TO BE THE MAN WHO HAS ROBBED MANY BOXES IN THE BUSINESS DISTRICT. During the last four months complaints have bee made to the Post Office that private letter boxes have been tampered with, and in a number of cases letters containing checks, drafts and money have been stolen. Inspector Byrnes's attention was called the case, and he put Detectives Aloncle and Frink on it. They spent many days in the dry-goods district, and succeeded in getting evidence sufficient to ar-rest Henry Bischoff on Sunday evening.

He has been connected with the robbery of the letter

box of F. C. Raymond & Co., of No. 456 Broadway, drygoods dealers. On January 4 a letter was mailed from Philadelphia containing a check for \$208.80 made by Charles W. Lautenbach & Co., of No. 32 Bankst. Full adelphia, payable to the order of F. G. Raymond & Co. The letter was duly received at the post office here. The letter rarrier put it in the box at Raymond & Co.'s storen the evening of January 4. It was not there in the morning.

letter-carrier put it in the box at Raymond & Co. s show on the evening of January 4. It was not there in the morning.

On January 5 a young German called at the Adams Express Company, No. 300 Canalat. He said that his name was Martin Heyne, and that he had a check from Philadelphia to be collected. It was the check that had been taken from Raymond & Co.'s box. Heyne forced the name of Raymond & Co.'s box. Heyne forced the name of Raymond & Co. on the back of the check, and after adding his own signature, turned it over to the clerk. Heyne said that he was in business with J. R. Jube & Co., of No. 97 Bowery, and directed that the money should be sent there. Then Heyne who was a stranger to Jube & Co., called at their office in the Bowery, and told them that a package of money had been sent in their cars from Philadelphia by mistake. Jube & Co., agreed that, when the money same, they would have it sent to his address, No. 96 Bowery, in the Victorfa Hotel, which is opposite the store. The money came on January 7 and Heyne got it.

He has lived since at No. 171 Mott-st., Jersey City, and No. 82 Division-st. He was arrested while waiking in the Bowery. He denies that his name is Heyne, and says that he is Bischoff, from Hanover, Germany, and has been only ten months in the country. Papers in his possession show that Heyne is correct. He will be taken to the Arrest of the part of the party of the party of the court to day. It is believed it at Heyne is the person who has robbed the other boxes. How it was done is not known.

RAILROAD INTERESTS.

A DENIAL FROM JUDGE BURKE.

ANSWERING A CHARGE THAT HE HAD CONCEALE BONDS OF THE HOCKING VALLEY. CLEVELAND, Jan. 24 (Special).-An Associated Press dispatch from New-York to-day, regarding the alleged Hocking Valley defalcations, stated that President Shaw found in the hands of Judge Stevenson Burke, of this city. formerly president of the road, bonds to the amount of \$946,000, which were missing from the company's safe, and had compelled Mr. Burke to turn these over to him. He also found, it was said, \$60,000 in the possession of Director Charles Hickox and recovered this amount in a like manner. Judge Burke, president of the Bee Line, formerly president of the Hocking Valley Railway Company is bitter in his denial of the statement attributed

pany is billier in his centar of the statement at the President Shaw.

"Ronds were placed in my hands," said Judge Burke, "to be used as collateral security to enable the company to get through its embarrassment caused by the long strike and to carry an indebtedness caused by making improvements. A day or two after the last of these bonds came into my hands, that is about a month axo, Mr. Shaw called upon me and I gave him a general statement of the bonds and money, stating to him that there was a balance of \$60,000 in money in my hands. Subsequently I discovered that there was only \$47,000. I called his attention to the resolution passed by the directors and told him the first thing between us was to determine whether I must comply with that resolution, or turn the securities over to him, and that we must ascertain whether the company was indebted to these parties as claimed. Shaw claimed that he knew nothing of the indebtedness and I referred him to the books and records at Columbus. He went there and came back, still claiming to know nothing of the indebtedness for he had not examined the books. Finally I agreed to turn over the bonds, provided he would give security for payment to the Snow both and Coal Conneany, the Confluental Coal provided he would give security for payment to the Show Fork and Cleveland Coal Company, the Confinental Coal Company, Sir, Hickox and myself. He agreed to the pro-position, obligated himself for the indebtedness and the bonds were turned over."

THE ELEVATED ROAD IN ATLANTIC AVE. A petition was presented to the Brooklyn Aldermen yesterday, with about 1,900 signatures, asking that con-sent be granted to the Long Island Elevated Railroad Company to construct its road in Atlantic ave., so that the steam railroad can be removed from the surface. The matter was referred to the Railroad Committee, be-The matter was referred to the Railroad Committee, before which the application of the company for a franchise has been pending for many months. Among the signers of the petition were ex-Judge Jasper W. Gilbert, Joseph and F. O'Brien, Robert Smeaton, F. Edwards, H. C. Markert, E. H. Richards, J. S. Mills, W. H. Lyon, C. H. Dutcher, R. Pomeroy, James Campbell, W. P. Denslow, the Rev. George H. Pentecost, J. B. Voorbees, John Dreher, James Ashfield, Nicholas Cooper, J. H. Watson, G. W. Palmer, E. F. Linton, H. B. Alexander, A. Simis, Jr., William Harper, E. T. Rutan, W. H. Murtha, William T. Lane, Congressman Felix Campbell, ex-Commissioner W. H. Fleeman, R. W. Waldo, John Harrisen, John H. Potter, D. P. Darling, E. H. Hobbs, G. V. Brewer, J. R. Wood, S. Van Wyck, F. W. Carruthers and G. W. Betts.

THE ATTACK ON OREGON NAVIGATION. In the letter published resterday in regard to his con-nection with the attack of The Evening Post, in its money article on Friday, on the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company, Brayton Ives referred to a paper signed by one Company, Brayton Ives referred to a paper signed by one of his fellow directors of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. The paper was a report made by J. U. Brookman, who was a member of the Northern Pacific committee appointed to examine into the condition of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company, in reference to Joint lease with the Union Pacific Railway of the Oregon Company's property. This report, with a review of it by President Elijan Smith, of the Oregon Railway and Navi-gation Company, is printed in another column.

MISCELLANEOUS RAILWAY INTELLIGENCE. PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 24.—The combination formed in this city nearly two years ago to restrict the production of steel rails has lost its usefulneess, because the demand of steel rails has lost its usersimizes, occasion, the decame has grown beyond the production. At that time the price ranged from \$26 to \$25, and now it is difficult to have an order accepted at \$39. It is reported here that some of the Southern roads are buying foreign rails delivered in New-Orleans at about \$41.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—The Commissioner of the Central Traffic Association refuses public access to the pool's weekly tonnage reports, but a correct statement of last week's tonnage, prepared for the private information of the Chicago pool roads, gives the total as 36,772 tons. The Chicago and Grand Trunk carried 17.5 per cent, the Michigan Central 16.7, Lake Shore 19.7, Fort Wayne 17.5, Chicago, St. Louis and Pittsburg S.O. Baltimore and Ohio 3.1, Nickel Plate 7.3, Chicago, Indianapolis and Chicago 10.2 per cent.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Jan. 24.—The records of the Secretary of State's office in Tennessee show that twelve rail-road charters have been granted within five weeks, as follows: Tennessee Central, from Byrdston, N. C., to Tennessee points; Knoxville and Nashville; Tennesse and North Carolina, from East Tennessee to Murphy, N. C.; Bristol and South Atlantic, from Bristol eastwardly; Saltimore, Nashville and Memphis, from Bristol to Mem-Bailimore, Nashville and Memphis, from Bristol to Mem-phis; Chattanooga and Southeastern, from Chattanooga to Columbus, Ga.; Cumberland Valley and Umaka, from the Camberland River to the North Carolina line; Mem-phis and Nashville, from Memphis to Nashville; Cincin-nati and Birmingham, from Chattanooga to Birmingham, Ala; Missouri, Tennessee and Georgia; Tennessee Mid-land, from Memphis to Bristol, and South Fittsburg and Sequatchie, from the Tennessee line to South Fittsburg.

REVIEWING THE YEAR AT HARVARD.

ANNUAL REPORTS OF THE PRESIDENT AND TREAS-

URER OF THE UNIVERSITY. BOSTON, Jan. 24.—The annual reports of the presilent and treasurer of Harvard College will be given to the public to morrow. The President's report opens with a tribute of praise to Professor Gurney and with a tribute of pralse to Vrofessor Gurney and others connected with the University who died last year. He calls attention to the changes in the statutes of the University by which all religious services are placed upon a voluntary footing. President Eliot says "The success of the new method in the first three months of the current year has surprised those even who advocated it the most strongly. The college library was increased by only 6,730 volumes in 1885-86, whereas in the preceding year it was increased by 12,442 volumes, and on the average of the last nine years by 8,085 volumes a year. It numbers about 240,000 volumes and about 233,000 pamphlets. The Library has lately received large bequests not restricted to the purchase of books; those in hand yield about \$7,000 a year, and that soon to be received will yield about \$13,000 a year.

Taken together the income from all these bequests will not meet the present annual cost of salaries, wages, printing, binding, fuel and sundries. The expenditure for these items in 1885-86 was \$23,760 81, of which all but \$7,543 64 came directly out of college tuition fees or other unrestricted income. The whole number of students in the University last year was 1,609.

The treasurer's report shows that the invested funds of the University amount to \$5,190,772 35. others connected with the University who died last

The treasurer's report shows that the invested funds of the University amount to \$5,190,772 35, an increase over the previous year of about \$270,000. This amount produced last year a revenue of \$260,303 01. The total income of the year was \$688,218 56. The total expenses \$626,895 80.

MR. FULLER WANTS ANOTHER DRIVE. Lawson N. Fuller spoke for over an hour at Chickering Hall last evening in behalf of a drive for speeding horses in Central Park between the West Drive and Lighth-ave. Mme. De Carlo, soprano, and Charles Palm, violinist, fur-nished music for the occasion. These are some of Mr.

I saw Robert Bonner and Henry Ward Beecher speeding down Harison lane twenty years ago. Mr. Heecher's eyes shone and ha har streamed out behind, he accumed to leave a streak of divinity behind him. If all our ministers would drive fast horses they would have good health to back up their theology. It would be a serious up their theology. It would be a serious in nourisied on goat's milk and the goats would have good health to back to go. The Rockeolters, Russell Sago, Russell Song, The Rockeolters, Russell Sago, Russell Conkling, Robert Bonner, the Gentlemen's Driving Association, and all horseened favor it. The elevated road was built, the horse railroad have got caulo themselves or go out of bhainess. I shall live twesty five years and shall talk the drive until it is built. The drive will cost not more than \$200,000.

THE FIRE RECORD.

INSURANCE ON SATURDAY NIGHT'S FIRE,

THE LOSS ON THE CONKLING & CHIVVIS STORI 5110,000-DAMAGE TO HERTER BROTHERS. Bookkeepers and clerks in the employ of Conking & Chivvis, the retail dry-goods dealers at Sixth-ave, and Twenty-third-st., a part of whose stock was destroyed by fire and water on Saturday night, were busy yesterday the stock was destroyed by the and water on Saturday night, were busy yesterday. making an inventory of the stock on hand upon which to base the exact amount of their losses. The goods on the second floor were almost wholly destroyed. Those on the first floor are considerably damaged by fire and water. The damage done in the wholesale depart ment on the third floor is slight and was caused principally by smoke. As near as could be estimated yester-day the total loss is \$110,000. The stock and fixtures were insured for \$253,000, divided among the following companies.

22000000000	FIXTURES.
Merchants	\$1,500   Equitable
	STOCK.
Long Island	\$2,506 Knickerbocker
Kings Clounts	2.500 Equitable
Kings County	2.500 Michigan
A. of Local Control of the Control o	# rates If a maker year Liverman
don	5 000 Sun of London
Buffalo Germania.	2,500 Reliance
Marine of St. Loui	a 2,500 Stnyvesant
Union Fire	
Elliott of Boston	2.500 Washington Fire and
Merchants of Ohio	2.500 Marine
Providence Woolio	net'n 5 000 California
Providence, Washi Firemen's Fund	ngt'n 5,000 California
Cirironal of Nind.	2,500 London and Lancaster.
Citizens' of New-Y	ork., 5,000 Merchants of Newark.
Western of Pittsbu	irg. 2,500 Connecticut 1
North Biver	5.000 Manufacturers and Mer-
Manufact're and E	Suild- Hamilton
ers' New York	2.500 Fire of Boston !
LOBOTOD A SERVICE	O S CO Million Board
Phornix of London	O four Penaltin of Philadel.
Pacific	9 5001 while
Packers	2,500 Scottish Union 2
Park	2,300 Mutual of New York 20
Norwich Union	Mutual of New-York 20
THE CHARLES	2,000
The building, w	hich has a frontage of 194 feet in Ty
ty-third st. and 10	O feet in Sixth-ave., is divided by the
partition walls i	nte four contract of mblah Contilla

partition walls into four parts, of which Coukling & Chicvis occupied two. The damage to this part of the structure is about \$5,000. The entire building is insured for \$250,000 by sixteen companies, but only seven companies had issued policies on the parts in which the fire occurred. These are:

occurred. These are:

British American, \$5,000; Pheenix, of Lendon, \$15,000; Pheenix, of Brookivs, \$26,000; Niagara, \$10,000; Globe, \$10,000; Ilverpool and London and Globe, \$30,000; German-American, \$20,000.

John T. Wilson, who is in charge of the building as receiver for the estate of James D. Fish, will have the damaged part repaired at once, and Conkling & Chivvis will probably be able to resume business within a fortnight. The loss sustained by Herter Brothers, furniture manufacturers, through the fire in the third story of their warerroom at Fifth ave. and Twenty-first-st., is estimated to exceed \$50,000. The insurance on their stock and flutures is distributed among the following companies:

Mutaalof New York, \$40,000 (Citizons' of New York, \$5,000

Etna 2,500 Liverpool and London ondon and Liverpool and Globe and Globe 10,000 Hamburg Bramen ...
t. Paul 2,000 Kings County 

The markle-front building No. 497 Broadway runs through the entire block to Mercer-st., where it is known as No. 68. Last evening smoke came out of the Broadway the second story, and was burning tiercely at the Mercerst. end. Through an open hatchwhy the fire got to the st. end. Through an open hatch why the fire got to the atories above, and before the firemen could get any water into the structure flames burst from the roof into Mercerst. A third alarm was rung. The water tower was put up in Mercerst, and it only took a short time for the innense body of water from it and the hose to bring the fire under control. H. Wolff & Co., unporters of buitons and braids, who occupy the first floor, were damaged \$5,000 by water. The Mercerst, end of the second story was occupied by Meyer Stern, fur dealer, who loses \$10,000; and Isador Well, jeweller, whose damage is \$3,000. The third and fourth stories are occupied by Loeb & Waldheimer, manufacturers of children's clothing, whose loss is placed at \$20,000. The building is damaged \$5,000. All the loss is overed by insurance. The cause of the fire is not known.

THROUGH NEW-YORK STATE. ANOTHER GIFT TO CORNELL.

HIRAM SIBLEY ADDS A QUARTER OF A MILLION TO ENLARGE SIBLEY COLLEGE. ENLARGE SIBLEY COLLEGE.

ITHACA, Jan. 24 (Special).—It has just leaked out that
Cornell University is to receive another large benefaction. Professor Thurston returned from Rochester this
afternoon and reports having received assurances from Hiram Sibley of a sum of money for improving and enlarging the Sibley College of Mechanic Arts which will amount to a round quarter of a million. A large build-ing is to be constructed to the east of the present Sibley instruction of many hundreds of students in the technical and mechanic arts. With this gift Cornell will become the first institution in the United States in its facilities for scientific and practical instruction.

SENATOR HISCOCK GOES TO WASHINGTON, BYRACUSE, Jan. 24 (Special).—Senator-elect Hiscock, as empanied by Mrs. Hiscock, returned to Washington to day. Mr. Hiscock made it his first business and pleasure on reaching here from Albany to hasten to the home of als father, the venerable Richard Hiscock, at Preble Cortland County, and lay at the feet of his sire the latest great honor that has come to him. He goes back to Wash-ington to complete his Congressional term, ending March 3. He has been invited to attend the annual dimer of

WISHING TO HONOR MR. BLAINE. Albany, Jan 24 (Special).—Many of the Republican members of the Legislature in talking to-night about the proposed reception here to Scuator-elect Hiscock, said that they wished James G. Blaine could be induced to attend. It is the thought of the admirers of Mr. Blaine that he should be the chief guest. PROFESSOR BROOKS'S COMET.

PHELIS, N. Y., Jan. 24.—Professor Brooks, of the Red House Observatory, verified his discovery on January 22 of the new comet in the Constellation Draco by a secon observation to night. Its motion is slowly in a northwest erly direction, and it remains above the horizon all night This is the first telescopic comet of 1887.

WHAT PEOPLE THINK AND SAY. INVESTIGATING THE PARK.

To the Editor of The Tribune. Sir: A portion of the Park Board have asked for

an investigation "somewhat judicial in its nature."
Let us hope that it will be more than "somewhat"
searching so that the city can learn whether Commissioner Coleman was talking at random when he pronounced the police force "disorganized and incompetent," and declared that laborers were sent to the
parks as a sort of hospital for the mained and crippled.

When the men who can answer from knowledge are
put upon the stand they should be asked what percentage of the force which was dispensed with when
there was no more voting to be done would have
been tolerated as helpers on the private grounds of
any citizen! Whether any who had been reported
as incompetent, or suspended for worse than incompetence, had been retained or restored by the Commissioners for the avowed reason that this or that
political boss demanded it and whether for the same
avowed reason good men had been removed to make
room for some one's heelers. Give us all the facts.
Yours, etc., an investigation "somewhat Judicial in its nature." Yours, etc., New-York, Jan. 18, 1887.

A SUGGESTION REGARDING POSTAL CARDS. the Editor of The Tribune. Six: In case you should consider the point of sufficien

importance will you permit us to suggest to the Postmaster-General through your columns that in printing the postal cards the word state might well be printed on the face at the bottom of the card, near the centre. This would be a reminder to the sender always to mention the State and it would also be an aid to the eye in sorting.

\*\*New Pork\*\*, Jan. 24, 1887.\*\*

MACHILLAN & CO.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

GOVERNMENT INDICATIONS-FOR 24 HOURS. Washington, Jan. 24. - For New-England, colder, west rly winds, fair weather.

For New-York, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania and Delaware, westerly winds shifting to southerly, fair weather, becoming warmer. TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

HOURS: Morning. Night . \$234567821011

THIBUNE OFFICE, Jan. 25-1 s. M. -There was 0.28 inch of rain yesterday, with clearing skies at night. The barometer feil until after noon, and then rose. A decided reaction from Sunday's warmtn set in. The temperature ranged between 32° and 54°, the average (43°5°) being 29°5° higher than on the corresponding day last year, and 4°5° lower than on Sunday.

In and near this city to-day there will probably be fair weather, with slowly rising temperature.

GENERAL CHARLES P. STONE DEAD.

PNEUMONIA THE IMMEDIATE CAUSE.

THE SEVERE STRAIN CAUSED BY UNVEILING THE

STATUE -A SKETCH OF HIS LIFE, General Charles P. Stone died yesterday at the home of Daniel Harnett, No. 20 East Thirty-first-st. His death was unexpected, the immediate cause being pneu-monia, but for the last year his health had not been good and his system was not in a condition to stand a severe attack. The final arrangements attendant upon the unveiling of the Statue of Liberty were made person-ally by him. The strain was a severe one, and many of his riends, who saw him when he rode at the head of the long procession, in a heavy rain, on October 28, remarked that he looked tired and worn. Since the departure of the French delegates, General Stone, as a public man, dropped out of notice, and it was with great surprise that his death became known. He had lived entirely in this city hoping through a few months of rest to regain his health. He caught cold a few days ago, but was not enough to be confined to his room until last Wednesday. It was then seen that he was in a dangerous condition. By the time a physician had been summoned pneumonia had reached an advanced stage.

The doctor went to work with but little hope for his patient's recovery. Everything possible to relieve the sick man was done, but it was useless, and shortly after day-

hand was done, but it was useless, and shortly after day-break yesterday he breathed his last. General Stone was born in Springfield, Mass., in 1826. He went to the United States Military Academy at West Point and was graduated in 1845. In the war with Mexico he served from Vera Cruz, under General Winfield Scott, to the capture of the City of Mexico, obtaining the brevets of first Bestemant and captain. He was ordered to California in 1851 and while there he constructed the Beniela Arsenal. In November 1856 he resigned and engaged for a year in the bui Iding business in San Francisco, when he was appointed by the Mexican Government chief of a commission to survey and explore its lands in Sonora and Lower California. On the breaking out of the Rebellion General Stone was appointed on January 1, 1861, to organize and drill

the District of Columbia militia for the defence of Washington. He served under General Patterson in the Shenandoah in July, receiving in August an independent command of a corps of observation guarding the upper Potomac. After the action at Ball's Bluff General Stone was continuational, this friends spoke bitterly of the wrong that was done to him on this occasion. Certain dispatches sent to General Stone to be used in his trial were captured by General Beautegard, who, when he found what they were, released them under a flag of truce to the Federal Army. With the rumors and suspicions of treachery that existed on all sides General Stone met with little sympathy from the court. After the trial he was brought to New-York in February, 1862, and placed in confinement in Fort Lafayette that was then used for prisoners of the war. He remained here until August 9, 1862, when he was released by the Government. In May following he was again ordered on duty with the Department of the Gulf, where he took part in the siege and capture of Port Hudson that preceded the surrouder of Vicksburg. General Banks afterward selected him as his chief of staff, and he held that position until April. 1864, fighting in the heattles of Sabine Crossroads and Pleasant Hill. In the same month he was assigned to command a brigade in the Army of the Potomac, but on September 13, 1864, he resigned his commission in the regular army. General Stone always felt keenly the humiliation of the court-martial by the Government and regarded himself as unfairly treated. After the war he made his bome for some time near Richmond, and carried on the Dover coal mines in Virginia. It was said that he was subsequently offered a position in the army which he declined, but in 1870 he received a flattering offer from the Khedive of Exypt to enter Into his military service. This offer was accepted and his work in reorganizing the Exyptian army was everywhere commerded by military critics in the highest terms, as Stone Pacha became more widely known in his own country. He remained in the Khedive's service until 1883. The troubles that were then convulsing Egypt determined him to resign his commission and return to the command of a corps of observation guarding the upper Potomac. After the action at tholdi statue of Liberty on Bedlow's Island, General Stone's name has become familiar all over the land within the last few years. He accepted the position of engineer for the Pedestal in 1884 and the last active years of hir life was devoted to this work. He took great pride in it and had made a careful study of the undert-king and on similar efforts speient or modern times. In fair or stormy weather he visited the island, watching the progress of the work as it gradually rose up over the battlements of the old fort overlooking the gloomy structure of Fort Lafavette in the Narrows where he had passed so many weary days more than twenty years before. He delighted to compare the works of the American Republic with the Colossus of Rhodss. The Statue of Liberty he said was a far greater work of art and would continue to exist when the traditions of the ancient statue were forgotten. SIR JOSEPH WHITWORTH BART.

London, Jan. 24.—Sir Joseph Whitworth died at Monte Carlo on Saturday. As he had no issue, his baronetey ex-Sir Joseph Whitworth, Baronet, F. R. S., was born at

Stockport, England, in 1803, and when fourteen years of age was placed under the care of his uncle, a mill-owner acquired an elementary knowledge of machinery, he went to Manchester, where he worked for four years in When twenty-two years old he went to London, thoroughly dominated by the idea of attaining perfection as a mechanician. It was while working patiently as a rneyman mechanic in London that Sir Joseph cor ceived the idea of making perfect plane surfaces. feilow-workmen laughed at him, but he persisted in his efforts until he discovered the way to make true planes. These Whitworth planes are now too well known to need description here. Scientific folk and sightseers are familiar with the surfaces that fit so exactly that they slip over one another as if anointed with some lubricating matter. Armed with his planes, the skilful workman re turned in 1833 to Manchester and wrote over his door: 'Joseph Whitworth, toolmaker, from London." ground on which his works -or rather those of the company into which his business has been formed—is now worth about \$1,250,000. From the production of perfect planes Sir Joseph advanced to the construction of the wonderful millionth measuring-machine and the standard screws and difference gauges. have saved an immense amount of labor Sir Joseph's name first came prominently before the pubhave saved an immense amount of labor. Sir Joseph's name first came prominently before the public when he exhibited his planes and other improvements at the Exhibition of 1851. In 1853 he was a commissioner to the Exhibition in New-York and in 1854, when the English Government was anxiously seeking to perfect its military armament, Sir Joseph turned his attention to the improvement of the rule, and it is perhaps his work in this direction which has made his name most widely celebrated. At a time when the Enfleid rile was considered an admirable weapon, the performances of the Whitworth rifle astonished everybody. The rifle was considered an admirable weapon, the performances of the Whitworth rifle astonished everybody. The rifle was not attainabled upon by accident, but was accurately thought out from the first. His success in this direction soon made him a competitor with Sir W. G. Armstrong in his efforts to produce perfected ordinance and projectiles. The system of polygonal rifling invented by Sir Joseph is still in use to-day. In his great works at Charlton-st., Manchester, may be seen regiments of steel ordinance and an army of those flat headed steel projectiles which Sir Joseph has persistently advocated. In 1868 he founded the "Whitworth scholarships" in mechanical science, thirty in number, of the annual value of \$500. He was made a baronet in 1869.

Although Sir Joseph's life was a busy one, he found time for other than mechanical pursuits. He was a keen lover of healthy outdoor country life. After making Stanciffe (a lovely hillside overlooking Darley Dale and its troutful waters) his home about a quarter of a century aco, he never slackened in his devotion to five stock. His stables at stanciffic cave him great pleasure and produced some fast trotters and fine cattle. In 1876, or thereabouts, Sir Joseph built a new carriage from his own design. This yelled was mounted upon an undor carriage, and ran upon a set of noiseless wheels. The carriage proved almost too successful in London, and required a

GARDINER SPRING SPOFFORD. Gardiner Spring Spofford, of this city, died in London on Saturday. He was a member of the commission firm of Spoilord Brothers & Co., consisting besides himself of his brothers Paul and Joseph L. The firm was originally Spoilord, Tileston & Co. The family owned a large tract of land in Westchester County, where the homestead is, and when the city limits were extended eighty acres of the property became a part of the city. Mr. Spoilord spent much of his time in Texas where he was engaged in settling up estates. His wife, who was a danghter of Effingham Townsend, died a short time ago, leaving one daughter who was placed with her grandmother, Mrs. Townsend. Her grandfather in his will bequeathed \$550,000 to the girl. Her father tried to obtain possession of his daughter, but Surrogate Townsend, of Queens County, decided that Mr. Spoilord was not a proper custodian for her. The daughter is now with a sister of her mother's Mrs. William P. Douglas. Mr. Spoilord was a member of the Knickerbocker and Union Clubs and also of Horn Lodge No. S, of the F. A. M. don on Saturday. He was a member of the commis-

MARK HOWARD. HARTFORD, Jan. 24 .- Mark Howard, president of the National Fire Insurance Company of this city, died at

Mr. Howard was born in Maidstone, England, seventy years ago. He removed to Michigan when a boy with his father, and there he took an active part in politics in early manhood. For about forty years, however, he had been in the fire insurance business in Hartford, and was influential in organizing the business. When the great St. Louis fire of May, 1849, fell heavily upon the Protection and Ætna companies it was seriously propose to ict them die as failures. Mr. Howard resisted this idea, and at his own request he braved the chairs in St. Louis and proceeded to settle the losses. His appearance there with money inspired the people with great confidence in Hartford insurance. From 1857 until the Chicago ilro he was president of the Merchants'; and from that time until his death he was president of the National. Mr. Howard was prominent in the business, political and accisalife of Hartford. He was one of the organizers of the Rapublican party in Connecticut and was the first Internal Revenue collector appointed in Hartford. He had been in feeble health for ten years. His wife (a sister of W. H. Lee, of New-York), three daughters and a son, William Lee Howard, anyive him. One of his daughters is the wife of Morgan W. Beach; the other two are unmarried

ANTONIO FONTES. Lisnon, Jan. 24.—Antonio Fontes, who repeatedly held the office of Portuguese Prime Minister, is dead.

SPEAKERS AT THE COMMONWEALTH CLUB. President D. Willis James looked upon nearly 100 members and guests of the Commonwealth Club last night at Clark's when dinner was over and the time for speaking had come, Discussion was upon the question as to how far Government officers are to engage actively in party politics and ex-Governor Chamber lain started the argumont. Everett P. Wheeler and the Rev. P. C. Williams followed. Carett S. Dorman B. Raton, Charles C. Beaman and Franklin Ford also spoke. Others present were Walter Howe. Worthington C. Ford, Assemblyman Miller, Elihu Root and Postmaster Pearson.

Deerfoot Farm Sausages, &c.,
These famous sausages are sold in two cound packages,
with trademark (a deer's foot stamped on the wrapper. By
irst-class grocers. Decided Bargnins.—Sealskin Garments, Fur-Lined Circulars, C. C. Shayne, Furrier, 103 Prince-st.

Maffa, Boas, Robes, Caps and Gloves, prices reduced. C. C. Shayne, Furrier, 103 Prince-st,

by foolishly trusting to quack plasters. Benson's only, worn on the breast and between the shoulders, prevent an attack.

Ask for Benson's.

Hygela Distilled Waters are a certain safeguard against Typhold Fever. The late Dr. Austin Flist, e., said: "I believe distilled water to be superior to the best spring water for drinking purposes, because it cannot convey the specific germs of discase."

Coignie's Tollet Sonps.

Exquisitely periumed absolutely pure, popular everywhere Cashmere Bouquet unsurpassed.

MARRIED.

JORDY-TOMPKINS-On Thursday, January 20, 1887, at the residence of the bride's parents, George Lewis Jordy, of Pennsylvania, and Nettle Parsons Tempkins, of New York, the Revs. William Jordy and Edward Judson, D. B., officiating.

officiating.

VAN DYCK-KIP-In Amoy, China, December 14, 1880, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. Dr. Kip, assisted by the Rev. Dr. John Talmage, the Rev. Alex. S. Van Dyck to Miss Albes M., daughter of Dr. Kip.

All notices of marriages must be interned with full

DIED.

NDERSON-On Sunday, January 21, at 133 West 111th st, the residence of his stepfather, Frederick C. Withers, Hervey Van Alen Anderson, son of B. Adre Higher and the late Dr. C. Van Alen Anderson, in the 25th year of his are. his are.

Funeral services at St. Michael's Church, 10th-ave, and
90th-at, on Wednesday morning, 26th last, at 10 o'clock.

It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

BARNEY-On Monday, January 24, at 10 East 55th-at,
Gardiner Tracy, youngest son of Charles T. and Lilly W.

Barney, in the 7th year of his age.

The funeral services will be held on Wednesday, January 26,
at 12 o'clock noon.

BEST-In Utica, N. Y., January 24, 1887, John Best, and

BEST-In Utica, N. Y., January 24, 1887, John Best, aged 75 years.

RROWN—On January 22, 1887, at West New-Brighton Staten Island, Charles P., son of Bartlett and Sarah A. Brown.

Funeral services at Reformed Charch, Port Richmond, S. I., Tuesday, January 25, 1887, at 2 o'clock p. m.

BROWN—On Saturday, January 22, Ralph Clay infant son of Charles A. and Melanie de B. Brown, aged 4 modths and 4 days. Funeral private,

CHAPIN-At Freeport, L. L. on Saint-lay morning January 22, 1887, Hoten Welles, only child of the Rev. Charles II. and Florence A. Chapin, aged 2 years, I month and 28 days. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral ser-vices on Taesday, January 25, at 1 o'clock p. m., from 103 West Baltic st., Brooklyn.

West Baltic st., Brooklyn.

DUNLAP—On January 22, at her late restdence, No. 1s
West 22d-at., Mrs. I. A. C. A. Dunlap, widow of the late
Andrew Dunlap, in the S5th year of her age.

KING—Suddenly, January 21, at Yonkers, N. Y., Mrs. Weltha Warburton King, widow of the late Hezeklah King, of
Bristol, Penn., in the S6th year of her age.

Relatives are invited to attend the Innoral services at 10s
North Broadway, Yonkers, Tuesday, January 25, at 3 n. m.

KITZINGER—On Sunday, January 23, suddenly, Morits
Kitzinger, aged 55 years.

Interment, Machpelah Cemetery, Tuesday, January 25.

LEGGETT—At 424 Waverly-ave., Brooklyn, on the 23c

LEGGETT-At 424 Waverly-ave., Brooklyn, on the 23-inst., Mary B., daughter of the late John and Sarah H inst., Mary B., daughter or the late.
Legget: Friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the famoral on Welmestay, the 26th last, at 2.3c p. m., at the residence of C. W. Leggett. 22 7th are, Brooklyn.

Brooklyn.

LYON—At Aiken, South Carolina, on Thurslay, January 20, Samuel E. Lyon, of this city,
Funeral services at St. Bartholomew's Church, Madison-ave,
corner 44th at, on Tuesday menning, at 10 o'clock.
Friends are requested not to send flowers.

MYERS—Suddenly, at Bunchkenma, N. V. Hannelle, MYERS-Suddenly, at Poughkeepste, N. Y., Henry D. Myers, aged 70 years.
Funeral from his late residence Tuestay, January 25, at 1

p. m.
TURNER-On Saturday, January 22, at Pittsfield, Mass.
the Rev. Joseph Mason Turaer, son of the late Professot
Samuel H. Turner, D. D., aged 47 years.
WEST-At Plainfield, N. J., on Sunday evening, January 23,
Charles S, West. Charles S. West.

Friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral ser
vices on Wednesday, January 25, at 10 a.m., at Trinity Ro
formed Church, Plainfield, N. J.

Train leaves foot of Liberty St., New York, New Jersey Cen
trai Railroad, at 90 close.

Interment at Greenwood at the convenience of the family.

Please omit flowers.

Special Notices.

William P. Moore, Auctioneer. MOORE'S ART GALLERIES, 290 FIFTH AVENUE. PREE EXHIBITION DAY AND EVENING.

RARE COLLECTION OF WATER-COLOR PAINTINGS. Embracing six hundred fine examples of the Dutch, French, English, Danish, Spanish, Roman, Lombard and Neapolitae

SALE MONDAY, JAN. 31, AND FOLLOWING DAYS Thos. L. Bucken & Co. ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

ART GALLERIES, S17 AND S19 BROADWAT 450 ORIENTAL RUGS.
NOW ON FREE EXHIBITION.
t assortment of antique Oriental Rugs es
at auction in this city. TO BE SOLD WITHOUT ANY RESERVE

ON THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, JANUARY 27, 28, AND 29, AT 2:30 O'CLOCK, The attention of connoisseurs, artists and the trade is invited. FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 28, AT 8 O'CLOCK, A DESIRABLE COLLECTION OF

OIL PAINTINGS.
By Foreign and American Artists. A.— Unreserved Sale ORIENTAL CARPEIS AND RUOS, PORTIERES, CAMEUS HAIR SHAWLS, ETC.,

CAMEL'S HAIR SHAWLS, ETC.,
Clean and in perfect condition.
A SUPERB LOT.
Now on Exhibition Lt the
LEAVITT'S ART ROOMS, 737 AND 789 BROADWAY.
To be sold by Auction, absolutely without reserve, on
GEORGE A. LEAVITT & CO.
H. C. MERRY, Auctionea.

"Ladics especially invited to Exhibition and Sala."

C. C. Shayne, Furrier, 103 Prince St., will make extensive alterations on his building the coming spring; offers extra bargains in Furs to close out.

Franz von Defregger's

" MADONNA AND CHILD,"

will be on exhibition for the benefit of the General Hospital Fund until January 29 at SCHAUS'S ART GALLERY, 204 Fifth-ave,
Madison Square.
ADMISSION TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Mechanical and Patent Office Drawings; fine Wood Engravings for manufacturers. A. Mugford, startford, Conn.

Seniskin Long Coats, Paletots, and Newmarkets, all sizes, prices marked down. C. C. SHAYNE, 103 Prince-st. Post Office Notice.

(Should be read DALLT by all interested, as changes may occur at any time.) Letters for foreign countries need not be specially addressed for dispatch by any particular steamer, except when it is de-sired to sound duplicates of banking and commercial documents, letters not specially addressed being sent by the fastest vossois lid be read DAILT by all interested, as changes may available.
Foreign mails for the week ending January 29 will close (FROMFILY in all cases) at this office as follows:

TUESDAY.—At 2:30 a. m. for Europe, per steamship Alaska, via Queenstown. VIA Queenstown.
WEDNESDAY.—At 4 a. m. for Europe, per steamship Trava,
Via Southamuton and Bromen; at 4 a. m. for the Netherlands direct, per steamship Zaandam, via Amsterdam
(letters must be directed "per Zaandam"); at 11 a. m.
for Venezuela and Caracoa, per steamship Philadelphia;
at 1 p. m. for the Windward Islands, per steamship Fiamboru.

nt 1 p. m. for the Windward Islands, per steamship Fiamboro.

THURSDAY.—At 2:30 a. m. for Nassau, N. P., per steamship L. Henderson, from Tampa; at 4:30 a. m. for Europe, per steamship Britishame, via Queenstown; at 9 a. m. for Haytı, per steamship Anies; at 1 p. m. for Europe, per steamship Trimlate; at 8:30 p. m. for Newtoundiand, per steamship Trimlate; at 8:30 p. m. for Newtoundiand, per steamship El Callao.

SATURDAY.—At 5 a. m. for Europe, per steamship Gallia, via Queenstown (letters for France, Switzeriand, Italy Spain and Portugal must be directed "per Gallia"); at 5 a. m. for Fance, Switzeriand, Italy Spain and Portugal must be directed "per Gallia"); at 6 a. m. for Fance, Switzeriand, Italy spain and Portugal, per steamship La Rourgogne, via Havre (letters for Great Britain and other European countries must be directed "per La Bourgogne"); at 5 a. m. for Scotland direct, per steamship Ievonia "); at 6 a. m. for the Notherlands direct, per steamship M. A. Schollen, via Rotterdam (letters must be directed "per W. A. Schollen"); at 6 a. m. for the Notherlands direct, per steamship M. A. Schollen, via Rotterdam (letters must be directed "per Pouniam"); at 6 a. m. for the Notherlands direct, per steamship penniand, via 6 a. m. for Noway direct, per steamship lisland (setters must be directed "per Pouniam"); at 6 a. m. for Noway direct, per steamship lisland (setters must be directed "per Jenamano per steamship Enth Godden.

SUNDAY—At 2:30 a. m. for Nassau, N. P., per steamship City of Monticello, from Jacksouville.

Mails for the Society Islands, per ship City of Papeiti (from Mails for the Society Islands, per ship City of Monticello, from Jacksouville.

City of Monteello, from Jacksonville.

Mails for the Society Islands, per ship City of Papetti (from San Francisco), close tiere January "24 at 7, p. m. Mails for the Sandwich Islands, per steamship Australia (from San Francisco), close tiere January "26, at 7 p. m. Mails for the Sandwich Islands, per steamship City of Sydney (from San Francisco), close tiere Fabruary "5, at 7 p. m. Mails for Australia, New-Zealand, Sandwich, Fig. and Sanosa Islands, per steamship Mariness (from San Francisco), close here February "7, p. m. (or on artival at New-York of steamship Aller, with British mails for Australia, Mails for Cuba, by rail to Tampa, Fia., and these by steams, via Key Week, Fia., close at this odice daily at 230 c. m.